DEREK LANG SHINE JR., Petitioner, v.	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF FLORIDA
	Case No. SC18-688
	DCA No. 3D15-2876
STATE OF FLORIDA, Respondent.	APPENDIX TO JURISDICTIONAL BRIEF
	INDEX
State v. Shine, No. 3D15-2876, 42 F. (Fla. 3d DCA Aug. 23, 2017) (or	la. L. Weekly D1832c iginal panel opinion)
State v. Shine, No. 3D15-2876, 43 F. (Fla. 3d DCA Jan. 24, 2018) (on	la. L. Weekly D224b rehearing)
Order Denying Motion for Certificat	tion of Conflict or Rehearing En BancA8
Certificate of Service	A10
	Respectfully submitted,
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May 10, 2018	/s/ Jeffrey Paul DeSousa Assistant Public Defender Florida Bar No. 110951

Third District Court of Appeal

State of Florida

Opinion filed August 23, 2017. Not final until disposition of timely filed motion for rehearing.

No. 3D15-2876 Lower Tribunal No. 14-890-A-K

The State of Florida, Appellant,

VS.

Derek Lang Shine Jr., Appellee.

An Appeal from the Circuit Court for Monroe County, Mark H. Jones, Judge.

Pamela Jo Bondi, Attorney General, and Robert Martinez Biswas, Assistant Attorney General, for appellant.

Carlos J. Martinez, Public Defender, and Harvey J. Sepler, Assistant Public Defender, for appellee.

Before ROTHENBERG, C.J., and SUAREZ and FERNANDEZ JJ.

SUAREZ, J.

The state of Florida appeals the downward departure sentence imposed upon Defendant Derek Lang Shine on December 22, 2015 in connection with a

probation violation.¹ Finding that the trial court failed to provide a valid legal ground for its downward departure, we reverse.

In 2015 Shine was convicted and sentenced to three years of drug offender probation, pursuant to a plea agreement with the state. Later in 2015 Shine violated his probation and the trial court revoked probation and sentenced him to 40 months of prison followed by 40 months of probation for count one and a concurrent term of 40 months prison, followed by a concurrent term of 12 months of probation for count two. The sentence imposed was a downward departure sentence to which the state objected.

The trial court's written sentencing order states that the downward departure was based on the fact that "Defendant has been granted a previous downward departure based on a valid uncoerced plea agreement . . . [and] it would be inappropriate, too harsh and contrary to the principles of graduated sanctions to

¹ The state filed two separate appeals in connection with Defendant's sentences which were imposed simultaneously and which were intended to run concurrently. In case number 15-2876 the state appeals the sentence imposed in connection with lower tribunal case number 2014-CF-890 (i. sale of cocaine within 1000 feet of a convenience business on September 4, 2014 and ii. unlawful use of a two-way communications device). In case number 15-2877 the state appeals the sentences imposed in connection with lower tribunal number 2014-CF-891 (i. sale of cocaine within 1000 feet of a convenience business on September 3, 2014 and ii. unlawful use of a two-way communications device). We hereby consolidate Third District case numbers 15-2876 and 15-2877 under case number 15-2876. We note that because both sentences were imposed at the same time and were intended to be served concurrently, there was no necessity for the filing of two separate cases and we encourage the state to appeal simultaneous sentences under a single case in the future.

now sentence the Defendant to 73.65 months imprisonment which is the lowest permissible prison sentence, absent a downward departure."

We conclude that the trial court's reasoning does not amount to a valid legal basis for the downward departure sentence imposed. See State v. Pita, 54 So. 3d 557 (Fla. 3d DCA 2011); State v. Salgado, 948 So. 2d 12 (Fla. 3d DCA 2006); § 921.0026 Fla. Stat. 2014.

Consequently, we reverse and remand for resentencing at which the trial court may again impose a downward departure sentence, but such must be a recognized legally permissible reason for such sentence.

Reversed and remanded.

Third District Court of Appeal

State of Florida

Opinion filed January 24, 2018.

The Opinion is not final until disposition of any further motion for rehearing and/or motion for rehearing en banc. Any previously-filed motion for rehearing en banc is deemed moot.

No. 3D15-2876 Consolidated: 3D15-2877 Lower Tribunal Nos. 14-890-A-K & 14-891-A-K

The State of Florida,

Appellant,

VS.

Derek Lang Shine Jr., Appellee.

Appeals from the Circuit Court for Monroe County, Mark H. Jones, Judge.

Pamela Jo Bondi, Attorney General, and Robert Martinez Biswas and Jonathan Tanoos, Assistant Attorneys General, for appellant.

Carlos J. Martinez, Public Defender, and Harvey J. Sepler and Jeffrey Paul DeSousa, Assistant Public Defenders, for appellee.

Before ROTHENBERG, C.J., and SUAREZ and FERNANDEZ JJ.

SUAREZ, J.

ON MOTION FOR REHEARING

The State of Florida moves for rehearing of this Court's August 23, 2017

opinion. We grant rehearing, withdraw our prior opinion and substitute the following opinion in its stead.

The State of Florida appeals the downward departure sentence imposed upon Defendant Derek Lang Shine on December 22, 2015 in connection with a probation violation.¹ Finding that the trial court failed to provide a valid legal ground for its downward departure, we reverse.

In 2015, Shine was convicted and sentenced to three years of drug offender probation, pursuant to a plea agreement with the State. Later in 2015, Shine violated his probation and the trial court revoked probation and sentenced him to forty (40) months of prison followed by forty (40) months of probation for count one and a concurrent term of forty (40) months prison, followed by a concurrent term of twelve (12) months of probation for count two. The sentence imposed was a downward departure sentence to which the State objected.

¹ The State filed two separate appeals in connection with Defendant's sentences which were imposed simultaneously and which were intended to run concurrently. In case number 15-2876 the State appeals the sentence imposed in connection with lower tribunal case number 2014-CF-890 (i. sale of cocaine within 1000 feet of a convenience business on September 4, 2014 and ii. unlawful use of a two-way communications device). In case number 15-2877 the State appeals the sentences imposed in connection with lower tribunal number 2014-CF-891 (i. sale of cocaine within 1000 feet of a convenience business on September 3, 2014 and ii. unlawful use of a two-way communications device). We hereby consolidate Third District case numbers 15-2876 and 15-2877 under case number 15-2876. We note that because both sentences were imposed at the same time and were intended to be served concurrently, there was no necessity for the filing of two separate cases and we encourage the State to appeal simultaneous sentences as a single case in the future.

The trial court's written sentencing order states that the downward departure was based on the fact that "Defendant has been granted a previous downward departure based on a valid uncoerced plea agreement . . . [and] it would be inappropriate, too harsh and contrary to the principles of graduated sanctions to now sentence the Defendant to 73.65 months imprisonment which is the lowest permissible prison sentence, absent a downward departure."

We conclude that the trial court's reasoning does not amount to a valid legal basis for the downward departure sentence imposed. See § 921.0026 Fla. Stat. (2014); State v. Pita, 54 So. 3d 557 (Fla. 3d DCA 2011); State v. Kasten, 775 So. 2d 992 (Fla. 3d DCA 2000); State v. Nolasco, 542 So. 2d 1052 (Fla. 3d DCA 1989). Consequently, we reverse and remand for resentencing within the sentencing guidelines.

Reversed and remanded.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

OF FLORIDA

THIRD DISTRICT

APRIL 30, 2018

THE STATE OF FLORIDA, Appellant(s)/Petitioner(s),

VS.

DEREK LANG SHINE JR., Appellee(s)/Respondent(s), CASE NO.: 3D**15-2876, 3D15-2877**

L.T. NO.: 14-890, 14-891

Upon consideration, appellee's motion for certification of conflict is hereby denied. ROTHENBERG, C.J., and SUAREZ and FERNANDEZ, JJ., concur.

Appellee's motion for rehearing en banc is denied. ROTHENBERG, C.J., and SUAREZ, LAGOA, SALTER, FERNANDZ, LOGUE, SCALES and LINDSEY, JJ., concur.

LUCK, J., dissents from the denial of rehearing en banc, and would grant the defendant's motion based on conflict between the opinion in this case and State v. Marron, 111 So. 3d 210 (Fla. 3d DCA 2013).

EMAS, J., recused.



cc: Robert Martinez Biswas Office Of Attorney General Harvey J. Sepler Jeffrey Paul Desousa

Public Defender Appeals Jonathan Tanoos

la

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing document has been furnished by email this **tenth** day of May 2018 to the following:

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